### ASET Science & Engineering Practices (SEP) Tool: Developing & Using Models

**Name or ID:**

**Lesson/Unit Title:**

**Intended grade:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SEP 2</th>
<th>Developing and Using Models:</th>
<th>Mark with “x” if present in lesson</th>
<th>What teacher actions were taken to facilitate this component for students?</th>
<th>What are the students doing?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **Components of SEP**
In this lesson/unit plan, it is clear that students have a structured opportunity to: | | | | |
| 1) **Describe** components and characteristics of models | | | | |
| 2) **Develop** models consistent with prior evidence or theories to represent, explain, and/or describe a phenomenon | | | | |
| 3) **Use** models to describe relationships between components, predict outcomes, and/or test ideas to explain a phenomenon | | | | |
### Notes on Context/Special Considerations (part of school year, differentiation, student developmental considerations, etc.):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>4) <strong>Compare</strong> and/or <strong>evaluate</strong> features and limitations of (a) model(s)</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5) <strong>Revise</strong> models based on additional evidence*</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

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# ASET Grade Band Criteria *(Grade Band: 6-8)*

## Science & Engineering Practices

### SEP 2: Developing and Using Models: Modeling in 6–8 builds on K–5 experiences and progresses to developing, using, and revising models to describe, test, and predict more abstract phenomena and design systems.

*By the end of the grade band students will have had a structured opportunity to develop an understanding of each of these. Individual lessons or units should include opportunities for students to practice one or more of the following components ……*

| 1) **Describe** components and characteristics of models | Using a model they developed, or an existing model, students:  
  a. specify/identify observable and unobservable elements of the model (and their attributes) needed to explain the phenomenon or communicate the desired information  
  b. describe the key relationships or interactions among model elements as they relate to the phenomenon or aspect of the phenomenon being addressed  
  c. describe the correspondence between specific model elements and relationships, and the relevant components of the real world object or phenomenon that they represent  |
| 2) **Develop** models consistent with prior evidence or theories to represent, explain, and/or describe a phenomenon | Students develop models that:  
  • are consistent with prior evidence and scientific theories about the phenomenon  
  • reasonably represent, explain, and/or describe both literal and unobservable features of scientific phenomena  
  • include only components and relationships that are relevant to the purpose of the model  
  Using these models students:  
  a. define and clearly label all of the essential variables or factors (components) within the system being modeled, including uncertain and less-predictable variables  
  b. describe/demonstrate the relationships among the components of the model, including relationships that are not directly observable, but predict observable phenomena |
| 3) **Use** models to describe relationships between components, predict outcomes, and/or test ideas to explain a phenomenon | Using a model they developed, or an existing model, students:  
  a. Correctly and completely describe the components and mechanisms of a scientific phenomenon providing a causal account including mechanisms that are not directly observable.  
  b. Generate new knowledge including:  
     • Construct a correct and complete prediction about a phenomenon  
     • Generate data to test ideas about phenomena  
     • Generate testable questions about phenomena  
     • Make meaningful comparisons between phenomena  
     • Support their own thinking about and understanding of a phenomenon  
     • Apply models to related phenomena |
| 4) **Compare** and/or **evaluate** features and limitations of (a) model(s) | Using a model they developed, or an existing model, students:  
  a. Identify, describe, and evaluate the appropriate boundaries and limitations of a model with respect to explaining the phenomenon or communicating the desired information  
  b. compare and evaluate the ability of different models to accurately represent and account for patterns in phenomena, and to predict related phenomena. |
| 5) **Revise** models based on additional evidence* | Using a model they developed, or an existing model, students:  
  a. Modify a model – based on evidence – to match what happens if a variable or component of a system is changed  
  b. Revise a model to increase its explanatory and predictive power, taking into account additional evidence or aspects of a phenomenon. |

*This component is not required in K-2 or 3-5 grade bands.*

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