ASET Science & Engineering Practice (SEP) Tool: Designing Solutions

Name or ID:



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of <mark>SEP</mark> /unit plan, it is clear that			 a. Constructing Explanations: The goal of science is the construction of theories that provide explanatory accounts of the world. A theory becomes accepted when it has multiple lines of empirical evidence and greater explanatory power than previous theories. b. Designing Solutions: The goal of engineering design is to find a solution to problems that is based on scientific knowledge and models of the material world. During the design process models or prototypes are systematically tested, and iteratively revised based on performance. Each proposed solution results from a process of balancing competing criteria of desired functions, technical feasibility, cost, safety, aesthetics, and compliance with legal requirements. The optimal choice depends on how well the proposed solutions meet criteria and constraints. 				
/unit plan, it is clear that	Mark with "x"	What teacher actions were taken to	What are the students doing?				
	if present in	facilitate this component for					
a structured opportunity to:	lesson	students?					
criteria and constraints of a blem, including quantification ropriate							
entific knowledge to generate an that includes consideration eria and constraints							
, and evaluate the design of an l, process, or system							
d/or optimize the design ased on performance during l consideration of the criteria							
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ASET Grade Band Criteria (Grade Bands: K-2, 3-5)

	Science & Engineering Practices						
SE	SEP 6b: Designing Solutions: Designing solutions in K-2 builds on prior experiences and progresses to the use of evidence and ideas in designing solutions. In 3-5 they build on K-2 experiences and progresses to the use of evidence in designing multiple solutions to design problems.						
By	the end of the grade band <u>stude</u>	<u>nts</u> will have had a structured opportunity to develop an ur	nderstanding of each of these. Individual lessons or units				
sh	should include opportunities for <u>students</u> to practice one or more of the following components						
		K-2 Grade Band	3–5 Grade Band				
1)	Describe criteria and constraints of a design problem, including quantification when appropriate	 Students will describe a given problem including: The criteria or specific features needed in the solution, including quantification when appropriate The materials or tool available for use in the solution 	 Students will describe a given problem including: The criteria or specific features needed in the solution, including quantification when appropriate The materials available for use in the solution Any safety considerations that are needed 				
2)	Apply scientific knowledge to generate a design plan that includes consideration for the criteria and constraints	With guidance, students apply scientific ideas to design a solution to the problem. This could include designing an object/tool, process, or system.	Students will apply scientific ideas to collaboratively design a solution (or multiple solutions) to a problem. This could include designing an object/tool, process, or system.				
3)	Build, t est, and evaluate the design of an object, tool, process, or system	 With guidance, students: a. use tools and/or materials to build a device that solves a specific problem or a solution to a specific problem. b. evaluate potential solutions by describing whether the design solution meets the expectations (solves the problem). This may include generating and or comparing multiple solutions to a problem. 	 Students: a. build a device based on their design solution b. evaluate the proposed solution according to how well it meets the specified criteria and constraints of the problem. In some cases students will generate and compare multiple solutions to a problem based on how well they meet the criteria and constraints of the design colution. 				
4)	Refine and/or optimize the design solution based on performance during testing and consideration of the criteria and constraints	solutions to a problem. Students will make suggestions for how to revise or improve the solution to better solve the problem If time allows students will revise their device and evaluate	criteria and constraints of the design solution Modify the design solution based on the results of tests to address problems in the design or improve its functioning or compare the proposed solutions (if multiple) based on how well each meets the criteria and constraints given				