

## ASET Science & Engineering Practices (SEP) Tool: Asking Questions and Defining Problems

Name or ID:

Lesson/Unit Title:

Intended grade:

<b>SEP 1</b>	<b>Asking Questions and Defining Problems:</b> A practice of science is to ask and refine questions that lead to descriptions and explanations of how the natural and designed world(s) works and which can be empirically tested. Engineering questions clarify problems to determine criteria for successful solutions and identify constraints to solve problems about the designed world. Both scientists and engineers also ask questions to clarify ideas.		
<b>Components of SEP</b> In this lesson/unit plan, it is clear that <b><i>students</i></b> have a structured opportunity to:	<b>Mark with "x" if present in lesson</b>	<b>What teacher actions were taken to facilitate this component for students?</b>	<b>What are the students doing?</b>
1) Ask questions based on observations and/or other appropriate information of a scientific phenomenon			
2) Generate, identify, and/or evaluate questions that can be systematically investigated (i.e., questions that are testable/investigable/scientific)			
3) Ask questions that challenge the premise of an argument or interpretation of a data set *			
4) <i>[Engineering]</i> Define or describe a problem that can be solved (through an object, tool, process, and/or system)			
<b>Notes on Context/Special Considerations</b> (part of school year, differentiation, student developmental considerations, etc.):			

## ASET Grade Band Criteria (*Grade Band: 6-8*)

### Science & Engineering Practices

**SEP 1: Asking Questions and Defining Problems:** Asking questions and defining problems in 6-8 builds on K-5 experiences and progresses to specify relationships between variables, clarifying arguments and models.

*By the end of the grade band **students** will have had a structured opportunity to develop an understanding of each of these. Individual lessons or units should include opportunities for **students** to practice one or more of the following components .....*

<p>1) Ask questions based on observations and/or other appropriate information of a scientific phenomenon</p>	<p>a. Students generate their own questions <b>that</b>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. are based on observable evidence and prior knowledge</li> <li>ii. arise from careful observation of phenomena, models, or unexpected results</li> </ul> <p>b. Students generate their own questions <b>to</b>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. clarify and/or seek additional information</li> <li>ii. clarify and/or refine a model, an explanation, or an engineering problem</li> <li>iii. identify and/or clarify evidence and/or the premise(s) of an argument</li> </ul>
<p>2) Generate, identify, and/or evaluate questions that can be systematically investigated (i.e., questions that are testable/investigable/scientific)</p>	<p>Students generate questions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. that can be investigated within the scope of the classroom/school laboratory, outdoor environment, and museums and other public facilities with available resources</li> <li>b. to frame a hypothesis based on observations and scientific principles</li> <li>c. that require sufficient and appropriate empirical evidence to answer</li> <li>d. to determine relationships between independent and dependent variables and relationships in models</li> </ul>
<p>3) Ask questions that challenge the premise of an argument or interpretation of a data set *</p>	<p>Students <u>ask questions</u> that challenge and/or clarify the premise(s) of an argument or the interpretation of a data set. This includes considering the weight and relevance of evidence provided for a claim and the validity of data being used.</p>
<p>4) [<i>Engineering</i>] Define or describe a problem that can be solved (through an object, tool, process, and/or system)</p>	<p>a. Students define a design problem that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. can be solved through the development of an object, tool, process or system</li> <li>ii. includes multiple criteria for success and constraints (e.g., materials, time or cost), and scientific knowledge that may limit possible solutions</li> </ul> <p>b. Students identify the system in which the problem is embedded, including the:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. major components and relationships in the system</li> <li>ii. system boundaries</li> </ul>

\* This component is not required in K-2 or 3-5 grade bands