Name or ID:



Lesson/Unit Title:		Iı	ntended grade:		
	 a. Constructing Explanations: The goal of science is the construction of theories that provide explanatory accounts of the world. A theory becomes accepted when it has multiple lines of empirical evidence and greater explanatory power than previous theories. b. Designing Solutions: The goal of engineering design is to find a solution to problems that is based on scientific knowledge and models of the material world. During the design process models or prototypes are systematically tested, and iteratively revised based on performance. Each proposed solution results from a process of balancing competing criteria of desired functions, technical feasibility, cost, safety, aesthetics, and compliance with legal requirements. The optimal choice depends on how well the proposed solutions meet criteria and constraints. 				
accepted when it has multiple lines of em b. Designing Solutions: The goal of engi- world. During the design process models results from a process of balancing comp					
Components of SEP	Mark with "x"	What teacher actions were taken to	What are the students doing?		
In this lesson/unit plan, it is clear that	if present in	facilitate this component for			
<u>students</u> have a structured opportunity to:	lesson	students?			
1) Describe criteria and constraints of a					
design problem, including quantification					
when appropriate					
2) Apply scientific knowledge to generate					
a design plan that includes consideration					
for the criteria and constraints					
3) Build, t est, and evaluate the design of an					
object, tool, process, or system					
4) Refine and/or optimize the design					
solution based on performance during					
testing and consideration of the criteria					
and constraints					
Notes on Context/Special Considerations (par	t of school year, differ	entiation, student developmental considerations, etc):		



ASET Grade Band Criteria (Grade Bands: K-2, 3-5)

	Science & Engineering Practices					
SE	SEP 6b: Designing Solutions: Designing solutions in K-2 builds on prior experiences and progresses to the use of evidence and ideas in designing solutions. In					
	3-5 they build on K-2 experiences and progresses to the use of evidence in designing multiple solutions to design problems.					
By	the end of the grade band <u>stude</u>	<u>nts</u> will have had a structured opportunity to develop an ur	nderstanding of each of these. Individual lessons or units			
sh	should include opportunities for <u>students</u> to practice one or more of the following components					
		K-2 Grade Band	3-5 Grade Band			
1)	Describe criteria and constraints of a design problem, including quantification when appropriate	 Students will describe a given problem including: The criteria or specific features needed in the solution, including quantification when appropriate The materials or tool available for use in the solution 	 Students will describe a given problem including: The criteria or specific features needed in the solution, including quantification when appropriate The materials available for use in the solution Any safety considerations that are needed 			
2)	Apply scientific knowledge to generate a design plan that includes consideration for the criteria and constraints	With guidance, students apply scientific ideas to design a solution to the problem. This could include designing an object/tool, process, or system.	Students will apply scientific ideas to collaboratively design a solution (or multiple solutions) to a problem. This could include designing an object/tool, process, or system.			
3)	Build, t est, and evaluate the design of an object, tool, process, or system	 With guidance, students: a. use tools and/or materials to build a device that solves a specific problem or a solution to a specific problem. b. evaluate potential solutions by describing whether the design solution meets the expectations (solves the problem). This may include generating and or comparing multiple solutions to a problem. 	 Students: a. build a device based on their design solution b. evaluate the proposed solution according to how well it meets the specified criteria and constraints of the problem. In some cases students will generate and compare multiple solutions to a problem based on how well they meet the criteria and constraints of the design solution 			
4)	Refine and/or optimize the design solution based on performance during testing and consideration of the criteria and constraints	Students will make suggestions for how to revise or improve the solution to better solve the problem If time allows students will revise their device and evaluate	Modify the design solution based on the results of tests to address problems in the design or improve its functioning or compare the proposed solutions (if multiple) based on how well each meets the criteria and constraints given			